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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/037,399	12/21/2001	Thomas Pfohe	30014200-1022	7396
58328	7590	10/17/2007	EXAMINER	
SUN MICROSYSTEMS C/O SONNENSCHEIN NATH & ROSENTHAL LLP P.O. BOX 061080 WACKER DRIVE STATION, SEARS TOWER CHICAGO, IL 60606-1080			GOLD, AVIM	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/037,399	PFOHE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Avi Gold	2157

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

#### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

#### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 August 2007.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**.                            2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-6,8-11,13,15-20,22-25,27,29,31,32,34 and 35 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-6,8-11,13,15-20,22-25,27,29,31,32,34 and 35 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
    1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

## **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is responsive to the amendment filed on August 1, 2007. Claims 1-3, 6, 15-20, 22-25, 27-29, and 35 were amended. Claims 14, 28, 36, and 37 were canceled. Claims 1-6, 8-11, 13, 15-20, 22-25, 27, 29, 31, 32, 34, and 35 are pending.

### ***Response to Amendment***

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-6, 8-11, 13-20, 22-25, 27-29, 31, 32, 34-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Housel, III, U.S. Patent No. 6,535,869, further in view of Megiddo et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,957,224.

Housel teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method, system, and computer-readable code for embedding a file index within a data file to which the index pertains (see abstract).

As to claims 1,15, and 35, Housel teaches a method, computer readable storage medium and a data processing system; in a data processing system for replacing data transmission request expressions, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a data transmission request expression of a first type from a requestor, the data transmission request expression corresponding to data identified by a data transmission request expression of a second type (col. 8, lines 56-64, Housel discloses receiving a URL);

replacing the data transmission request expression of the first type with a replacement data transmission request expression of the second type (col. 8, lines 65-67, Housel discloses replacing the URL with a hashed record key);

retrieving the data using the replacement data transmission request expression; and sending the retrieved data to the requester (col. 8, lines 56-67, Housel discloses the retrieved data being sent);

determining whether the retrieved data comprises data (col. 8, lines 56-67, Housel discloses the retrieved data content); and

replacing the data transmission request expression in the data with a replacement data transmission request expression (col. 8, lines 56-67).

Housel fails to teach the limitation further including wherein the data transmission request expression is a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length, determining whether the retrieved data comprises an embedded data transmission request expression of the second type and when the

retrieved data comprises a data transmission request expression of the second type, replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression.

However, Megiddo teaches formatted data distributed on interconnected computers (see abstract). Megiddo teaches the use of a shorthand URL associated with a registered URL and a registered URL in a data file (col. 2, lines 44-60).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Housel in view of Megiddo to use a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length, determine whether the retrieved data comprises an embedded data transmission request expression of the second type and when the retrieved data comprises a data transmission request expression of the second type, replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression. One would be motivated to do so because it is an efficient way of identifying and selecting web based information (col. 2, lines 31-32).

Regarding claims 2 and 16, Housel teaches the method and computer readable storage medium of claims 1 and 15, wherein the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data is replaced with a replacement data transmission request expression of the second type (Housel, col. 8, lines 56-67; Megiddo, col. 2, lines 44-60).

Regarding claims 3 and 17, Housel teaches the method and computer readable medium of claims 1 and 15, further comprising the steps of:

when the retrieved data comprises the embedded data transmission request expression, determining whether the embedded data transmission request expression is supported by the requestor (col. 9, lines 1-10, Housel discloses choosing an appropriate hashing technique); and

when data transmission request expression in the retrieved data is not supported by the requestor, replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression supported by the requestor (col. 9, lines 1-10).

Regarding claims 4 and 18, Housel teaches the method and computer readable storage medium of claims 1 and 15, further comprising the step of:

identifying the replacement data transmission request expression as an entry in a lookup table corresponding to the data transmission request expression of the first type (col. 18, lines 43-54, Housel discloses a hash table).

Regarding claims 5 and 19, Housel teaches the method and computer readable storage medium of claims 1 and 15, further comprising the steps of:

computing a hash value based on the data transmission request expression of the first type, and using the hash value to identify the replacement data transmission

request expression as an entry in a lookup table corresponding to the data transmission request expression of the first type (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Regarding claims 6 and 20, Housel teaches the method and computer readable medium of claims 1 and 15, further comprising the steps of:

when the retrieved data comprises the embedded data transmission request expression, determining whether a replacement data transmission request expression exists as an entry in a lookup table corresponding to the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data;

when no replacement data transmission request expression exists in the lookup table, generating a replacement data transmission request expression;

storing the generated replacement data transmission request expression in the lookup table in association with the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Regarding claims 8 and 22, Housel teaches the method and computer readable storage medium of claims 1 and 15, wherein the data is a web page (col. 8, lines 56-67).

Regarding claims 9 and 23, Housel teaches a method, computer-readable storage medium, and data processing system; in a data processing system for replacing data transmission request expressions, the method comprising the steps of:

retrieving data including/having a data transmission request expression of a first type for sending to a requestor;

replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression of a second type; and

sending the retrieved data with the replacement data transmission request expression to the requestor (col. 8, lines 56-67).

Housel fails to teach the limitation further including wherein the data transmission request expression is a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length.

However, Megiddo teaches the use of a shorthand URL associated with a registered URL and a registered URL in a data file (col. 2, lines 44-60).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Housel in view of Megiddo to use a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length. One would be motivated to do so because it is an efficient way of identifying and selecting web based information (col. 2, lines 31-32).

Regarding claims 10 and 24, Housel teaches the method and computer readable medium of claims 9 and 23, further comprising the steps of:

computing a hash value based on the data transmission request expression of the first type, and using the hash value to identify the replacement data transmission request expression as an entry in a lookup table corresponding to the data transmission request expression of the first type (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Regarding claims 11 and 25, Housel teaches the method and computer readable medium of claims 9 and 23, further comprising the steps of:

determining whether a replacement data transmission request expression exists as an entry in a lookup table corresponding to the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data;

when no replacement data transmission request expression exists in the lookup table, generating a replacement data transmission request expression;

storing the generated replacement data transmission request expression in the lookup table in association with the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Regarding claims 13 and 27, Housel teaches the method and computer readable storage medium of claims 9 and 23, wherein the data is a web page (col. 8, lines 56-64).

Regarding claims 29, Housel teaches a data processing system comprising:

a secondary storage device having a stored data identified by a data transmission request expression of a first type; a memory comprising a computer program that receives a data transmission request expression of a second type from a requestor, the data transmission request expression corresponding to data, replaces the data transmission request expression of the second type with a replacement data transmission request expression of the first type, retrieves the data using the replacement data transmission request expression, and sends the retrieved data to the requestor; determining whether the retrieved data comprises data, replacing the data transmission request expression in the data with a replacement data transmission request expression, and a processing unit that runs the computer program (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Housel fails to teach the limitation further including wherein the data transmission request expression is a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length, determining whether the retrieved data comprises an embedded data transmission request expression of the second type and when the retrieved data comprises a data transmission request expression of the second type, replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression.

However, Megiddo teaches the use of a shorthand URL associated with a registered URL and a registered URL in a data file (col. 2, lines 44-60).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Housel in view of Megiddo to use a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length, to determine whether the retrieved data comprises an embedded data transmission request expression of the second type and when the retrieved data comprises a data transmission request expression of the second type, replacing the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression. One would be motivated to do so because it is an efficient way of identifying and selecting web based information (col. 2, lines 31-32).

Regarding claims 31, Housel teaches the data processing system of claim 29, wherein the data is a web page (col. 8, lines 56-64).

Regarding claims 32, Housel teaches a data processing system comprising: a secondary storage device having a stored data having a data transmission request expression of a first type; a memory comprising a computer program that retrieves the data for sending to a requestor, replaces the data transmission request expression in the retrieved data with a replacement data transmission request expression of a second type, and sends the retrieved data with the replacement data transmission request expression to the requestor; and a processing unit that runs the computer program (col. 8, line 47 – col. 9, line 10).

Housel fails to teach the limitation further including wherein the data transmission request expression is a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length.

However, Megiddo teaches the use of a shorthand URL associated with a registered URL (col. 2, lines 44-60).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Housel in view of Megiddo to use a first uniform resource locator (URL) having a first length and the replacement data transmission request expression is a second uniform resource locator (URL) having a second length. One would be motivated to do so because it is an efficient way of identifying and selecting web based information (col. 2, lines 31-32).

Regarding claims 34, Housel teaches the data processing system of claim 32, wherein the data is a web page (col. 8, lines 56-64).

#### ***Response to Arguments***

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 8-11, 13, 15-20, 22-25, 27, 29, 31, 32, 34, and 35 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

***Conclusion***

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,999,929 to Goodman

U.S. Pat. No. 5,751,961 to Smyk

U.S. Pat. No. 6,571,295 to Sidana

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Avi Gold whose telephone number is 571-272-4002. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (1st Friday Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 571-272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Avi Gold

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2157

AMG

  
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